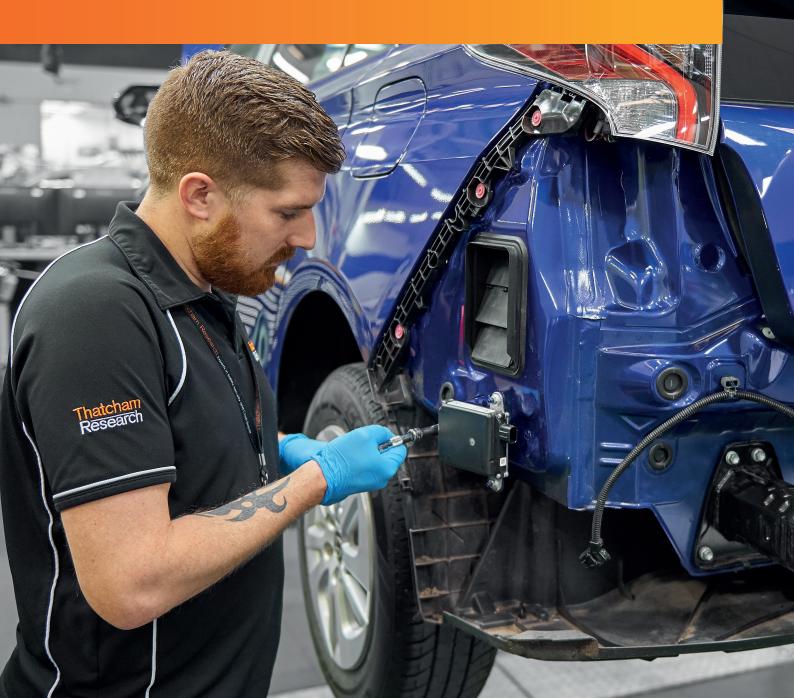




Managing vehicle repairs involving Advanced Driver Assistance Systems (ADAS)



MRC's position on ADAS repair

If ADAS sensors, or parts that are in proximity to ADAS sensors, are included in a repair specification, calibration post repair must be completed to confirm sensors are functioning to the vehicle manufacturers' specified tolerances - unless clearly stated otherwise.

The following principles must be applied to ensure the effective repair and management of ADAS sensors:

Where ADAS are present, The presence, or not, of repair procedures must ADAS on a vehicle is to be clearly identify if calibration proven and recorded. is required and why. Calibration must result in confirmed functionality of Any calibration must be the sensor/s within vehicle carried out by a competent manufacturers tolerances, unless technician. stated otherwise in the repair specification. Certified evidence confirming that the calibration result Fully auditable records means the sensor/s are must be retained. operating within the Vehicle Manufacturers tolerance.

Direction for Vehicle Repairers

The ADAS systems on a vehicle provide critical safety functions. Repairers, therefore, must ensure that any repairs that directly involve, or impact ADAS sensors, are carried out so that the safety and functionality of the vehicle is not compromised.

The following applies when a vehicle repairer is:

- Repairing, removing, refitting, aligning or replacing parts within the vicinity of ADAS sensors.
- Making any geometry changes, or changes to the vehicles' suspension or ride height.
- Realigning, replacing or refitting any ADAS sensors or associated vehicle parts.

To ensure identification and safe repairs involving ADAS, vehicle repairers must:

- Assess for the presence of ADAS sensors and record the outcome clearly.
- Research and seek guidance from relevant repair methods and calibration instructions.
- > Ensure all calibration activities are completed by currently competent technicians.
- Complete system calibration in accordance with the relevant repair method / instruction.
- Be able to demonstrate that the calibration of all affected sensors have been completed and the results of the calibration confirms functionality within the vehicle manufacturer's specified tolerance unless stated otherwise in the repair specification.
- Where no specific repair guidance exists, and functionality cannot be proven through systemised calibration, then advice should be sought from the vehicle manufacturer's dealership network and appropriate action taken prior to vehicle release.
- If vehicle manufacturers' information states dynamic calibration, this should be completed and confirmed prior to vehicle release.

Calibration process data capture and recording

During and following successful calibration, the following details should be captured and retained, with other repair process records in accordance with clause 4.5 of BS10125. If required, they should also be shared with the work provider / customers manufacturers should:



- Name and address of the repairer.
- Name and address of 3rd party contracted to complete the calibration if outsourced.
- Vehicle make and model.
- > Vehicle registration.
- Vehicle identification number (VIN).
- > Vehicle mileage.
- > Date of calibration.
- Technician name and means of proof of competence.
- > Equipment used to calibrate the vehicle systems.

Industry

Vehicle Implications Manufacturers

Where a vehicle has, or might have ADAS features, vehicles manufacturers should:

> Provide data that allows for easy identification of whether ADAS sensors are fitted.

Provide clear and consistent advice around which repair scenarios would result in ADAS calibration being required.

Provide calibration procedures, and certify that successful calibration will ensure that ADAS are operating to specified tolerances.

Provide, or support, training with assessed outcomes that provide a proof of competence for vehicle repair technicians.

Industry Implications

Equipment/ Software Suppliers

Any supplier that provides equipment/software to support sensor calibration should:

Ensure equipment/
software is auditable
and provides verifiable
evidence of a successful
calibration.

Provide calibration procedures, and certify that successful calibration will ensure that ADAS sensors are operating to specified tolerances within the vehicle manufacturer's operating tolerance.

Maintain up to date lists of the capabilities of their calibration equipment/ software, at a vehicle make and model level including which sensors can be calibrated.

Retain records that are available for audit purposes.

Industry Implications

Work Providers

When directing repairs that do, or could, include ADAS repair, work providers must be confident of the ability of the service supplier to manage the repair and should:

Have a record of the capabilities within their existing network.

Where possible at triage, establish if ADAS is included on a vehicle.

Direct work according to the capability of the network.

Provide, or support, training with assessed outcomes that provide a proof of competence for vehicle repair technicians.







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